



## Module 1: Understanding Mental Health

### Conceptual Knowledge:

- Everyone has mental health
- Mental health is more than a positive mood (all emotions are part of mental health)
- It is important to use appropriate words to describe our emotions, to regulate and cope
- Mental health has a wide range of states, including no distress, mental distress (aka stress), mental health problems and mental disorders

### Procedural Knowledge:

- To be able to define and describe mental health
- To apply appropriate words to describe different emotions, and their intensity
- To distinguish different states of mental health associated with different life events and situations

### Well-being

Students who are personally aware and responsible recognize the factors that affect their holistic wellness and take increasing responsibility for caring for themselves. They keep themselves healthy and stay active, manage stress, and express a sense of personal well-being. They make choices that contribute to their safety in their communities, including their online communities and use of social media. They recognize their personal responsibility for their happiness and have strategies that help them find peace in challenging situations.



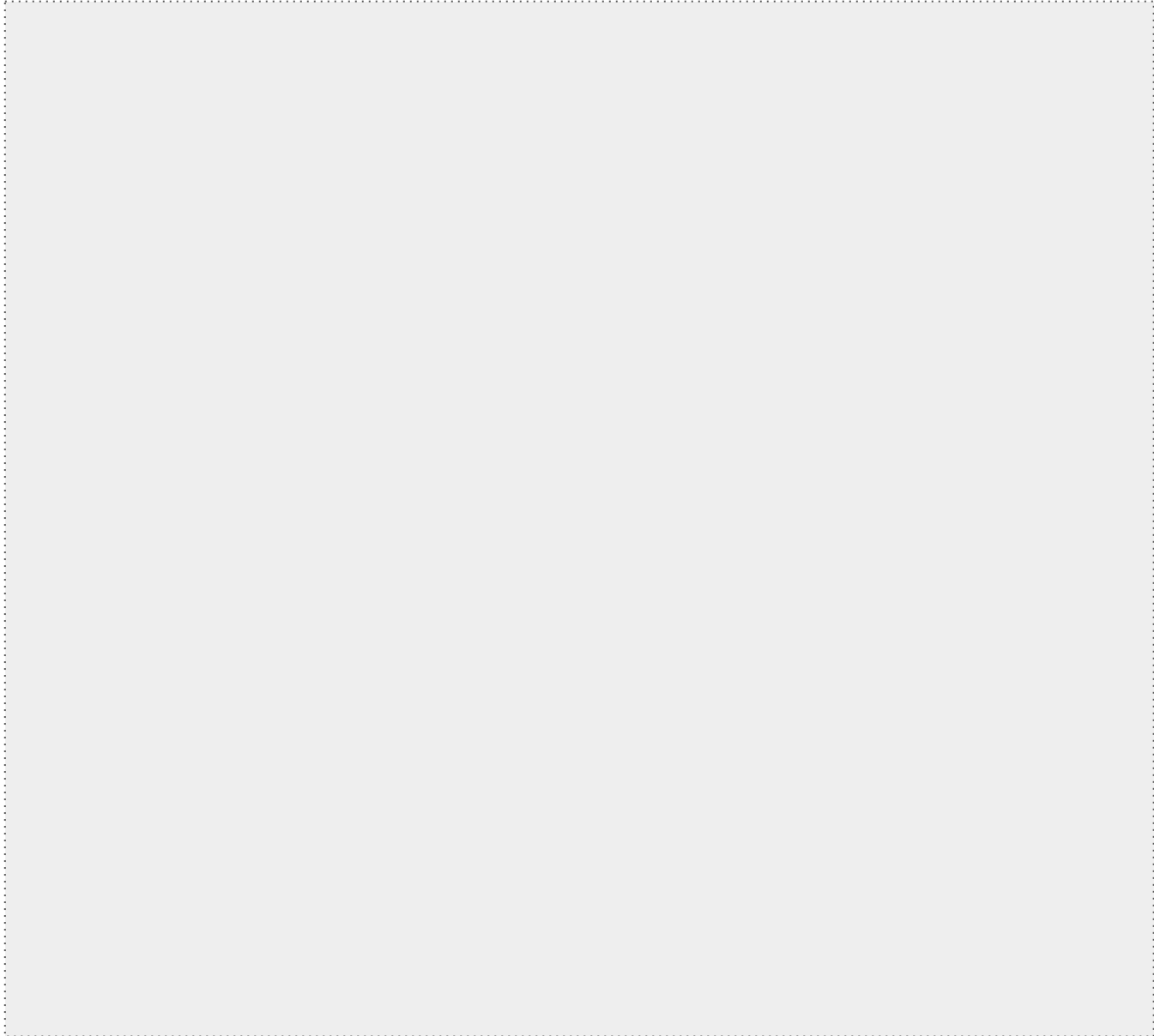
## Module 2: The Stigma of Mental/Neurodevelopmental Disorders

### Conceptual Knowledge:

- Mental/neurodevelopmental disorders are common (1 in 5 of us will experience a disorder in our lifetime)
- Anyone can have a mental disorder
- Stigma involves negative thoughts, feelings and behaviours towards mental disorders and their treatments

### Procedural Knowledge:

- Each person can be appreciated as a unique individual, instead of judged by a label
- By better understanding the stigma of mental disorders, we can reduce the impact





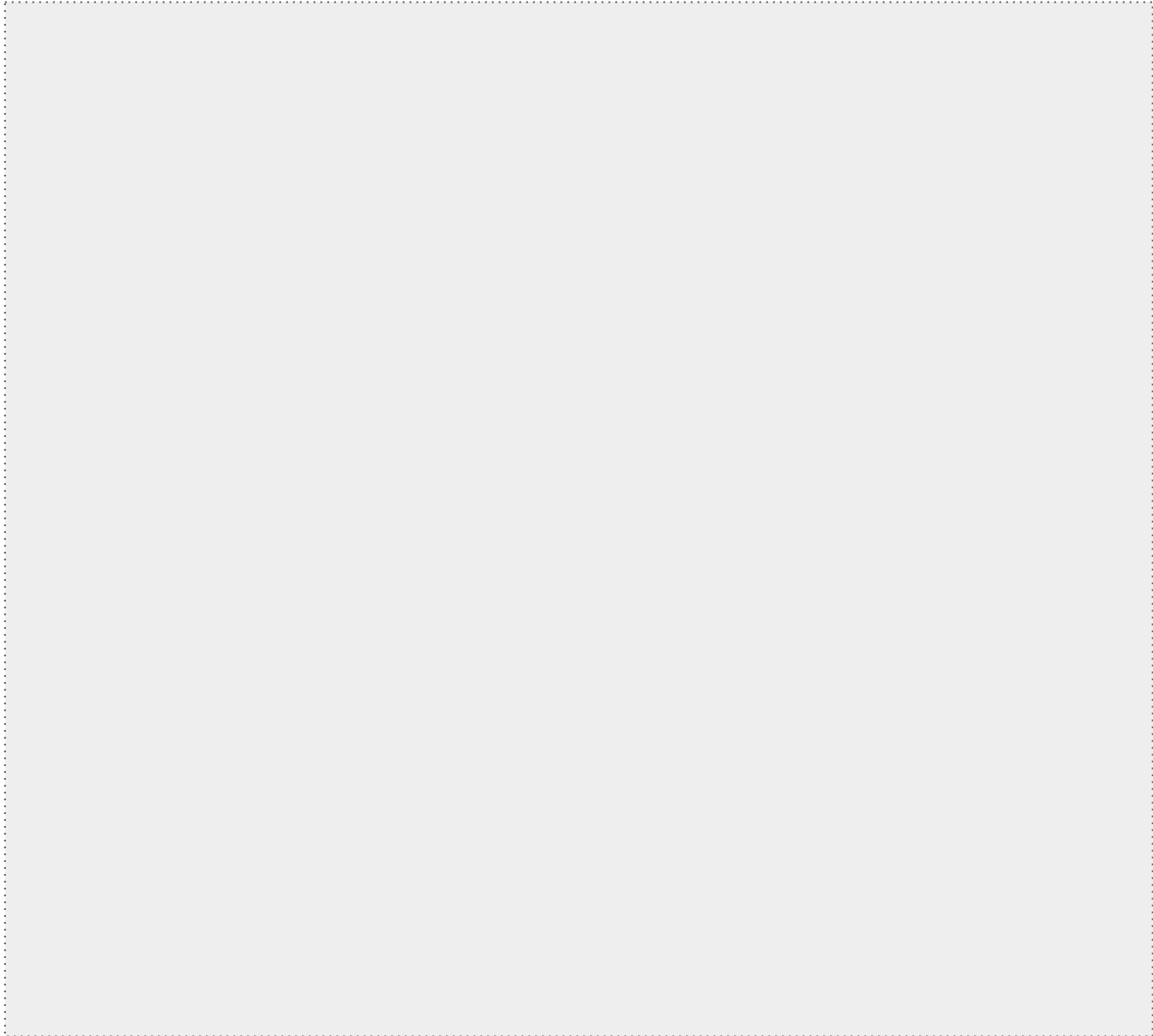
## Module 3: Mental Health and the Brain

### Conceptual Knowledge:

- Our thoughts, feelings, behaviours and reactions are linked with the brain
- The brain and the body are connected
- Mental health is a component of overall health
- The brain changes over time

### Procedural Knowledge:

- Explain how the brain and body are connected
- Identify basic parts of the brain and their functions
- Describe ways that the brain adapts to the environment and changes over time





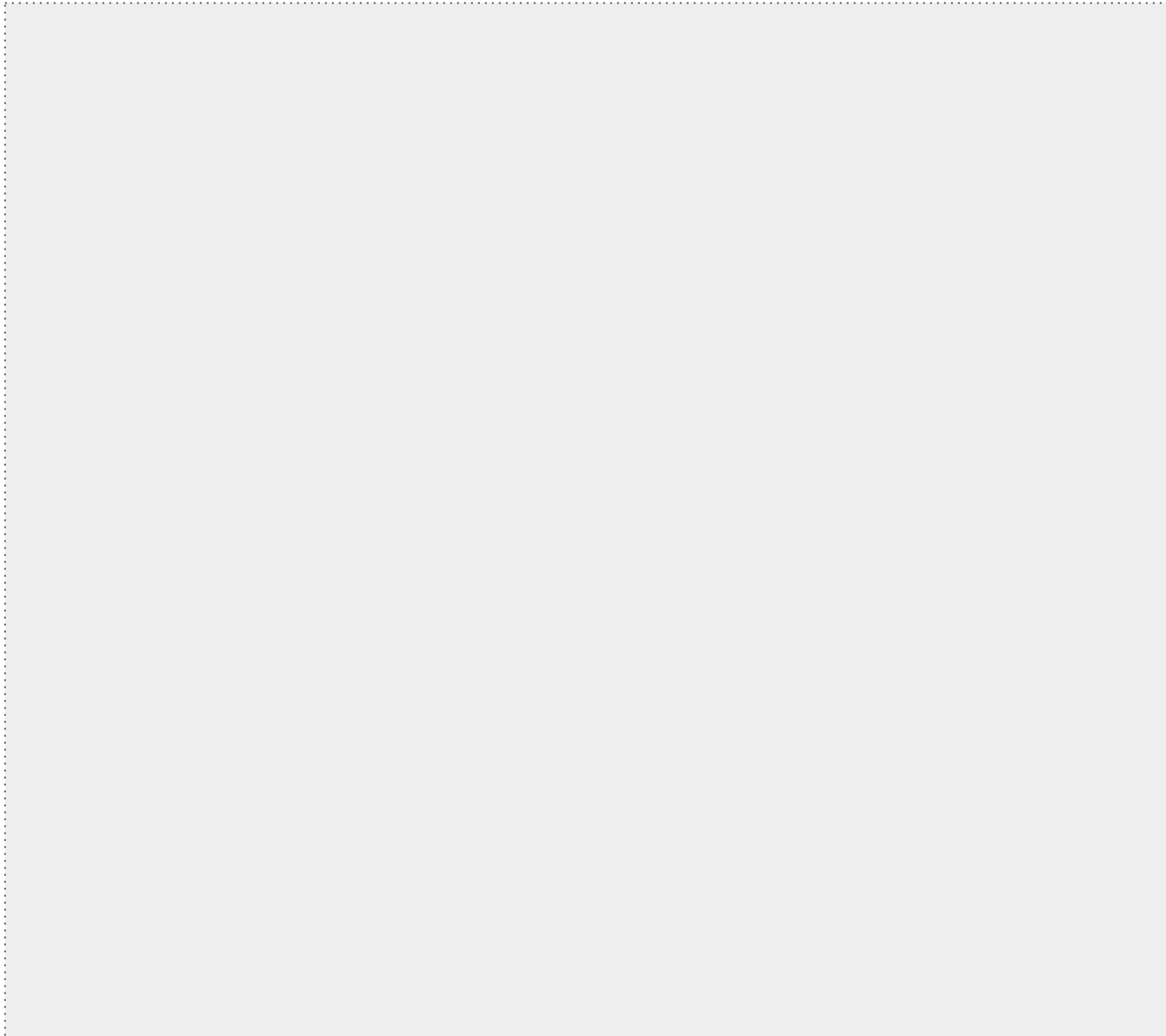
## Module 4: Common Mental/Neurodevelopmental Disorders

### Conceptual Knowledge:

- All mental disorders reflect difficulties in thoughts, emotions, behaviours and signalling
- The sooner people receive proper treatment and support, the better the outcomes

### Procedural Knowledge:

- To distinguish between expected life challenges and mental / neurodevelopmental disorders
- To demonstrate an understanding of common mental / neurodevelopmental disorders affecting children
- To identify ways that people with mental disorders can live a fulfilling life with appropriate treatments





## Module 5: Helping Self and Helping Others

### Conceptual Knowledge:

- Everyone has mental health that can be supported and promoted
- There are many people who can provide support for mental health problems and mental disorders
- Getting help early for yourself and others increases positive mental health outcomes

### Procedural Knowledge:

- To understand that mental health can be supported in various ways
- To learn to seek help from reliable sources when needed
- To know how to ask for help in an effective manner

• Developing healthy relationships helps us feel connected, supported, and valued. (Grades 4-5)

• Understanding ourselves and the various aspects of health helps us develop a balanced lifestyle. (Grades 4-5)

• Personal choices and social and environmental factors influence our health and well-being.





## Module 6: Getting Mentally Healthy

### Conceptual Knowledge:

- Coping with stress appropriately can help us build new skills and increase resilience
- The brain and body are connected
- What is good for physical health is good for mental health
- Positive lifestyle choices can enhance our mental health

### Procedural Knowledge:

- To understand that we need some stress to perform well
- To learn that stress can be managed
- To recognize the brain-body connection related to the stress response
- To develop strategies to promote strong mental health

## Personal Awareness & Responsibility

Personal Awareness and Responsibility involves understanding the connections between personal and social behaviour and well-being; it encourages people to make constructive and ethical decisions and act on them.

People who are personally aware and responsible demonstrate self-respect, persevere in difficult situations, and exercise responsibility. They understand that there are consequences for their decisions and actions. A personally aware and responsible individual takes steps to ensure their well-being, sets goals and monitors progress, regulates emotions and manages stress, and recognizes and advocates for their own rights.

- **Personal choices and social and environmental factors influence our health and well-being.**

